



Competency-Based
Competitive Events
Written Exam
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Test Number 1242
Booklet Number _____

Finance Exam

Corporate Finance Event

Financial Accounting Event

Managerial Accounting Event

INSTRUCTIONS: This is a timed, comprehensive exam for the occupational area identified above. Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so by the testing monitor. You will have _____ minutes to complete all questions.

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1. Carrie works for an investment bank, and her job is to monitor communications between employees and the public. In which department does Carrie likely work?
 - A. Human resources
 - B. Securities and trading
 - C. Compliance
 - D. Operations
2. Which of the following should businesspeople be sure to include in simple written reports:
 - A. Complete bibliography
 - B. Extensive charts and graphs
 - C. Necessary information only
 - D. Names of all references
3. Jean, Keisha, and Kyle want to start their own business but are concerned about the higher tax rate for corporations as well as the double taxation on corporate profits and dividends paid to stockholders. What type of business ownership should they consider?
 - A. Open corporation
 - B. Partnership
 - C. "S" corporation
 - D. Close corporation
4. Laney is ordering supplies from a company overseas. Before she receives her order, government officials will likely
 - A. require Laney to obtain a license.
 - B. take a portion of her supplies.
 - C. examine the package for prohibited materials.
 - D. remove the country of origin label from the package.
5. An important purpose of full-disclosure laws and regulations is to
 - A. provide information to investors so they can make informed decisions.
 - B. allow company employees to use inside information for personal gain.
 - C. require companies to disclose all information about their operations.
 - D. prevent a stock's par value from dropping below its market value.
6. Which federal agency supervises banks and credit unions?
 - A. Federal Trade Commission
 - B. Federal Bureau of Investigation
 - C. Consumer Product Safety Commission
 - D. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
7. The government does not tax the money placed in an individual retirement account (IRA) until it is withdrawn for its designated use. This money is an example of
 - A. capital gains revenue.
 - B. tax-deferred income.
 - C. dual taxation on earnings.
 - D. tax-exempt funds.
8. A business uses data mining applications to determine which members of its target market are most likely to buy a new product, which is the process of
 - A. vendor identification.
 - B. database promotion.
 - C. customer discovery.
 - D. seller input.
9. Which of the following is an example of a persuasive message that businesses write:
 - A. Collection letter
 - B. Electronic mail
 - C. Handwritten note
 - D. Interoffice memo
10. What type of economic indicator are nominal interest rates?
 - A. Procylic and coincident
 - B. Countercyclic and lagging
 - C. Procylic and lagging
 - D. Countercyclic and coincident
11. In today's business world, employees often work remotely and use their own personal devices to do work. Which of the following is the best way to combat compliance issues associated with these trends:
 - A. Hiring more compliance professionals
 - B. Keeping digital communications between employees only
 - C. Preventing employees from using their own devices
 - D. Implementing monitoring systems and security software

12. Retirement accounts and real estate are examples of
- A. intangible assets.
 - B. garnishments.
 - C. tax shelters.
 - D. derivatives.
13. An employee is walking through the business's facility and is questioned by a customer about something with which s/he is not familiar. What should the employee do?
- A. Politely say, "Sorry, I don't work in this area."
 - B. Introduce the customer to another employee
 - C. Attempt to answer the customer's question
 - D. Locate an employee who can assist the customer
14. Wonka Industries runs routine internal audits and divides the responsibilities of important projects among several managers. As a result, the company enjoys smooth day-to-day operations and improved performance. This is an example of the impact of _____ on decision-making and management functions.
- A. community involvement
 - B. external regulations
 - C. corporate governance processes
 - D. public relations efforts
15. If a financial planner fails to stay informed about new laws impacting the financial products s/he sells, which of the following ethical principles is s/he failing to observe:
- A. Honesty
 - B. Confidentiality
 - C. Competence
 - D. Objectivity
16. Beverly, the new office manager, just completed a review of the last two years of accounts receivable data. In doing so, she discovered that there are erroneous duplicate entries totaling \$25,628 in the system. Unfortunately, due to these duplicate entries, collection letters were sent to many customers who had already paid in full—customers who are angry with the company for sending them the letters. What should Beverly do to try to save these customer relationships and ensure that these customers are not bothered in the future?
- A. Use funds from the accounts payable account to pay the debt
 - B. Complete an accounting software update
 - C. Contact each customer by phone and apologize
 - D. Complete a data cleansing of the erroneous entries
17. Which of the following is a common way for a divisional organizational structure to be broken down:
- A. By function
 - B. By manager
 - C. By territory
 - D. By job type
18. There is a growing need for cultural intelligence when conducting business because of
- A. globalization.
 - B. technology.
 - C. economics.
 - D. politics.
19. Government regulation is financed by taxes and
- A. donations.
 - B. borrowing.
 - C. price supports.
 - D. subsidies.
20. Which of the following factors has influenced the geographical development of unions:
- A. Right to bargain collectively
 - B. Availability of natural resources
 - C. Right-to-work laws
 - D. Availability of capital goods
21. The French-Canadian culture relies heavily on nonverbal communication to get messages across. This means it is a(n)
- A. religious culture.
 - B. high-context culture.
 - C. low-context culture.
 - D. ethnocentric culture.

22. The coastal city of Los Angeles, California, is home to one of the most important ports for global trade. Los Angeles's location relative to countries such as Japan, Korea, and China makes it a prime location for transpacific shipping and receiving. Los Angeles's port is an example of the impact of _____ on world trade.
- A. geography
 - B. natural resources
 - C. political factors
 - D. economic development
23. When you take responsibility for your decisions and actions, you will likely
- A. earn trust and respect.
 - B. make new friends.
 - C. earn higher grades.
 - D. get a promotion.
24. Who typically reviews and approves the guidelines for running a corporation, which are also known as corporate governance policies?
- A. The investors
 - B. The shareholders
 - C. The management team
 - D. The board of directors
25. Most people are better able to handle change if they _____ it.
- A. oppose
 - B. anticipate
 - C. avoid
 - D. resist
26. Which of the following is an example of risk management:
- A. Checking that a product works the way it is supposed to
 - B. Treating others with respect
 - C. Following all of the rules and policies
 - D. Developing an alternate plan in case of technology failure
27. Before extending a loan to a customer, banks use _____ to determine the customer's ability to pay it back.
- A. financial aptitude tests
 - B. credit evaluation tools
 - C. focus groups and interviews
 - D. physical health screening
28. Bryan loves to plan and is very detail-oriented. Erin is creative and expressive. Should they be members of the same team?
- A. No; their differing skill sets will cause conflict.
 - B. Yes; teams with a mixture of skills and talents perform to their best abilities.
 - C. No; all team members need to be detail-oriented and enjoy planning.
 - D. Yes; Erin can help Bryan learn how to be more creative.
29. Even if an unethical action isn't illegal, it can still cause negative consequences for organizations, such as
- A. imprisonment.
 - B. an increased customer base.
 - C. a poor reputation.
 - D. decreased managerial authority.
30. A furniture retailer located in the city of Springdale wants to know how many of its high-volume customers are located within its own city limits. What are two criteria that should be included in its database query?
- A. Number of purchases over 10 and email address entered
 - B. Purchase dates in the last year and Springdale addresses
 - C. Email address entered and purchases over \$100,000
 - D. Springdale addresses and purchases over \$100,000
31. Which of the following is a type of insurance company in which the policyholders retain the profits:
- A. Insurance broker
 - B. Local insurance agency
 - C. Risk retention group
 - D. Insurance underwriting association

32. Why is it a bad idea to solicit fake reviews for a product or service?
- A. If customers realize the reviews are fake, they will lose trust in the company.
 - B. People can never tell which reviews are fake and which are authentic.
 - C. Fake reviews can lead to an influx of purchases, which will lead to profit.
 - D. Customers rarely believe that peer reviews are accurate, anyway.
33. Which of the following situations includes money being used as a medium of exchange:
- A. An individual places \$2,000 into a savings account.
 - B. An individual trades a \$20 bill for four \$5 bills.
 - C. An individual pays \$500 to purchase a laptop.
 - D. An individual takes out a \$10,000 car loan.
34. Juan Rodriguez signed a promissory note for a loan. In this credit arrangement, Juan is the
- A. depositor.
 - B. creditor.
 - C. lender.
 - D. borrower.
35. A financial institution that acts as an intermediary to facilitate securities transactions for the general public is a(n)
- A. investment bank.
 - B. commercial bank.
 - C. brokerage company.
 - D. credit union.
36. Which of the following is a characteristic of a call market:
- A. Buyers and sellers determine prices
 - B. Trades occur continuously
 - C. Buy orders are made at specific times
 - D. Prices change from moment to moment
37. A commodities market is a marketplace for buying and selling
- A. government bonds.
 - B. financial securities.
 - C. shares of companies.
 - D. raw or primary products.
38. Which of the following is an example of convergence in the finance industry:
- A. Chase Schwartz Financial Consultants acquires Dollar-Wise Financial Services.
 - B. Constitution Savings and Loan merges with Adams Community Bank.
 - C. Independence Insurance Company acquires NetAutoInsurance.com.
 - D. United Federal Bank merges with Provincial Insurance Company.
39. An economic trend that typically precedes an upturn in commodity prices is the _____ for at least a year.
- A. stock market declining
 - B. dollar increasing in value
 - C. growth of the money supply declining
 - D. yield curve leveling out
40. Which of the following has contributed to financial globalization:
- A. An increase in restrictions on foreign investment and international trade
 - B. An increase in taxes on international financial transactions
 - C. A reduction in foreigners' access to domestic financial markets
 - D. A movement from fixed exchange rates to floating exchange rates
41. Which of the following questions is most relevant when interviewing a potential financial advisor:
- A. Do you have a partner?
 - B. What are your qualifications?
 - C. Did you go to a public or private university?
 - D. Why did you decide to become a financial advisor?
42. Because Mia wants to be in charge of her investment portfolio and does not want to pay high commissions to a representative, she should consider obtaining securities information from a(n)
- A. licensed stockbroker.
 - B. online brokerage firm.
 - C. certified insurance agent.
 - D. risk management officer.

43. The net change reported in a stock table represents the difference between the price paid for the last share today and the price paid for the
- A. last share from last year.
 - B. last share on the previous day.
 - C. first share on the previous day.
 - D. first share from last year.
44. An apartment building is an example of a(n) _____ investment.
- A. lending
 - B. ownership
 - C. realistic
 - D. domestic
45. What type of insurance do you need to purchase if you want to ensure that your beneficiaries receive an inheritance?
- A. Universal life insurance
 - B. Term life insurance
 - C. Disability insurance
 - D. Long-term care insurance
46. What are the two major sections of a statement of changes in stockholder's equity?
- A. Capital stock and retained earnings
 - B. Net income and retained earnings
 - C. Capital stock and dividends declared
 - D. Net income and total stockholder's equity
47. Why do finance professionals continue to act unethically despite the consequences?
- A. They are greedy and only care about making as much money as they can.
 - B. The finance field is full of temptations and pressures to be unethical.
 - C. They are always rewarded for their unethical behavior.
 - D. There are no legal consequences for unethical actions.
48. Lauren must determine which of two furniture suppliers is more cost-effective for her company. What type of cost should she analyze?
- A. Sunk cost
 - B. Differential cost
 - C. Indirect cost
 - D. Imputed cost
49. Which of the following is an example of an indirect cost:
- A. Insurance
 - B. Wages
 - C. Materials
 - D. Commission
50. Stefan decides to invest a sum of \$1,200 into one of his favorite stocks that typically earns 9% or more each year. If the stock earns 9% this year, what will be the total value of his investment?
- A. \$1,200
 - B. \$1,080
 - C. \$1,308
 - D. \$1,420
51. Managerial accountants help managers by
- A. ensuring that company employees are paid fairly.
 - B. preparing financial statements for investors.
 - C. providing important information for decision-making.
 - D. providing tax advice and filing taxes for clients.
52. What type of variance analysis involves determining the difference between the standard costs and the actual costs of raw materials used for production?
- A. Fixed overhead
 - B. Selling price
 - C. Material yield
 - D. Purchase price
53. A cost accounting budget is often used as a means of financial control. In other words, it
- A. restricts who has access to financial data.
 - B. is used to monitor activities in a business.
 - C. predicts what will happen in the future.
 - D. complicates the decision-making process.
54. Which of the following is a cost driver that could affect the cost of internet service in a coffee shop:
- A. Number of direct labor hours
 - B. Number of products sold
 - C. Number of customers
 - D. Number of ingredients per product

55. When creating a master budget for her company, Jamila determined that the marketing department is responsible for the purchase of a new email platform. Jamila is
- A. eliminating sunk costs.
 - B. performing marginal analysis.
 - C. allocating costs.
 - D. performing cost-benefit analysis.
56. You want to have \$8,000 in three years to purchase a car. You can earn 4% compound interest on your investment. How much should you invest today?
- A. \$7,821.47
 - B. \$7,364.10
 - C. \$7,692.31
 - D. \$7,111.75
57. One of the benefits of marginal analysis is
- A. improved long-term strategy.
 - B. optimal decision-making.
 - C. understanding the impact of sunk costs.
 - D. improved workplace communication.
58. Which of the following is a common financial-information management problem:
- A. Insufficient financial information due to compliance regulations
 - B. Overreliance on a master source and system for financial data
 - C. Strict organizational data governance policies and processes
 - D. Multiple financial data sources and systems within an organization
59. Leslie is good friends with Paul, who oversees the Bex Company's central data depository for financial information. Paul recently told Leslie that based on confidential financial data that he saw at work, Bex's profits have dropped by a third this year. Paul also told Leslie that she should sell her shares of Bex stock before the market finds out about the company's financial difficulties, which will surely make Bex's stock price plummet. This situation is an example of
- A. encryption.
 - B. disparate data.
 - C. stewardship.
 - D. insider trading.
60. What is an effective way for a business to reduce risks associated with the unethical manipulation of financial data?
- A. Interview forensic accountants
 - B. Organize a network database
 - C. Use auditing software applications
 - D. Limit financial transactions
61. How can businesses benefit from using a central data repository for their financial information?
- A. They no longer have to generate consistent data.
 - B. They are able to overcome economies of scale.
 - C. They can obtain faster responses to queries.
 - D. They can rely on old data.
62. Which of the following would a small business's budgeting applications most likely be able to do:
- A. Show the business's cash flow status
 - B. Predict new services to offer customers
 - C. Determine the business's electronic data interchange (EDI) needs
 - D. Identify equipment needing repairs
63. Which of the following types of budgets is completed in advance of the accounting period and involves predicting future income and expenses:
- A. Master budget
 - B. Cash flow budget
 - C. Financial budget
 - D. Operating budget
64. A company uses financial software to examine a product's total costs in relation to its selling price. The company is analyzing
- A. stockturn.
 - B. liquidity.
 - C. profitability.
 - D. market value.

65. In a document released to stakeholders, Truman Enterprises summarized the overall performance of the organization by evaluating economic, environmental, and social factors. Truman Enterprises developed a(n)
- A. sustainability report.
 - B. mission statement.
 - C. executive summary.
 - D. action plan.
66. Capital City Auto Dealership is analyzing Francesca Martino's loan application for a new car. As a recent college graduate, Francesca has a steady job and earns a good income. She is currently living with her parents, has little debt, and maintains reasonable balances on her three credit cards. Because Francesca has never borrowed a large sum of money, the dealership is more likely to approve the loan if Francesca gets a(n)
- A. qualified loan cosigner.
 - B. incremental pay increase.
 - C. reputable credit report.
 - D. letter of intent.
67. An orientation program typically benefits new employees by
- A. saving supervisors' time.
 - B. reducing employee startup costs.
 - C. reducing new employees' anxiety.
 - D. increasing new employees' compensation.
68. A financial-services company allocates a certain portion of its earnings to a college scholarship fund for business students. This is a positive company action that demonstrates
- A. profit orientation.
 - B. personal competence.
 - C. due diligence.
 - D. corporate responsibility.
69. Which of the following is an example of a business applying information to accomplish a task:
- A. Reviewing data on trends to develop new products
 - B. Conducting research on consumer preferences
 - C. Developing questionnaires for local surveys
 - D. Examining promotional activities of competitors
70. Which of the following is a primary function of information management:
- A. Storing data
 - B. Placing ads
 - C. Monitoring employees
 - D. Obtaining credit
71. When using presentation software to develop a slideshow presentation, it is best to
- A. avoid the use of decorative fonts.
 - B. limit the presentation to twelve or fewer slides.
 - C. include flashy background designs.
 - D. use a lot of clipart to add interest.
72. William is in charge of using a database application to organize a large amount of his company's data. When he looks through the numbers, he notices that the majority of them start with one, while very few begin with nine. This is an example of what universal law?
- A. The law of supply and demand
 - B. Benford's law
 - C. Numerical law
 - D. The law of diminishing returns
73. Marilee needs to check the company's customer database to view all of the customers who are located in Florida. What query filter should Marilee use to retrieve the desired results quickly?
- A. Last name
 - B. State
 - C. Area code
 - D. City
74. The BVM Company examined economic and political factors to determine if it should expand its operations. The company obtained the information by conducting a(n) _____ analysis.
- A. strengths
 - B. internal
 - C. environmental
 - D. tactical

75. Increased profitability
- A. always comes at a cost to a business's employees.
 - B. can only occur when a business minimizes expenses.
 - C. may only benefit a few of the business's stakeholders.
 - D. usually means decreased product quality.
76. What is one of the main causes of accidents in the workplace?
- A. First-aid methods
 - B. Physical injuries
 - C. Safety hazards
 - D. Employee grievances
77. Which of the following is an example of point-of-sale fraud:
- A. Vendors taking funds from the register
 - B. Competitors accessing computer files
 - C. Customers replacing price tags
 - D. Employees undercharging their friends
78. In which of the following situations is a business most likely to experience a security breach:
- A. A business employee uses a paper shredder to destroy business records that it no longer needs.
 - B. A small-business owner installs electronic locks and security windows in the company's warehouse.
 - C. The technology coordinator regularly updates the antivirus software on all of the firm's computers.
 - D. The last employee to leave a business facility after business hours fails to set the security alarm.
79. When identifying the necessary equipment and supplies for a project, it is important that these resources
- A. are easy to obtain and use.
 - B. are available in-house.
 - C. belong to local organizations.
 - D. meet the requirements of the project.
80. Supervising business and manufacturing processes to ensure quality and efficiency is a quality-control method known as
- A. concurrent engineering.
 - B. process performance management.
 - C. statistical process control.
 - D. the Taguchi method.
81. Which of the following is the primary benefit of establishing a value system for yourself:
- A. Helps you to choose a career
 - B. Gives you guidelines to follow
 - C. Improves your social skills
 - D. Raises your level of self-esteem
82. Akilah wants to be a loan officer. What finance career field does she want to work in?
- A. Banking services
 - B. Accounting
 - C. Insurance
 - D. Corporate finance
83. Sasha, who oversees a staff of five employees, is responsible for coordinating efforts that involve reviewing aging accounts, contacting customers regarding late payment, and working with outside agencies that facilitate the payment process. Sasha works as a(n)
- A. accounts-payable supervisor.
 - B. collections manager.
 - C. pension manager.
 - D. budgeting analyst.
84. The Smiths have made a list of the problems with their new home. If the builder has a positive attitude, his/her first action will be to
- A. take responsibility for the problems.
 - B. convince the Smiths there are no problems.
 - C. discuss the problems with employees.
 - D. blame the problems on circumstances.
85. In which of the following ways can employees contribute to the achievement of governance objectives:
- A. Report progress to shareholders
 - B. Draft bylaws that all must follow
 - C. Create policies to enforce objectives
 - D. Provide feedback to improve objectives
86. Protecting the investments of shareholders is a primary responsibility of
- A. company employees.
 - B. the board of directors.
 - C. upper level managers.
 - D. company lawyers.

87. Objective setting, risk assessment, and risk response are all components of
- A. conflict resolution policies.
 - B. asset allocation strategies.
 - C. channel-management plans.
 - D. enterprise risk management.
88. Whatever action must be taken in handling a customer complaint, the salesperson should respond in a(n) _____ manner.
- A. formal
 - B. skeptical
 - C. concerned
 - D. abrupt
89. Securities tables help individuals determine whether a security is a worthwhile investment by
- A. displaying numbers that represent a security's financial health.
 - B. providing professional advice on investing and personal finance.
 - C. showing the investment activities of your friends and family.
 - D. suggesting securities that fit each investor's risk tolerance.
90. By protecting financial information from tampering, loss, and unauthorized use, a financial-information management professional acts as a(n) _____ of that financial information.
- A. steward
 - B. interpreter
 - C. analyst
 - D. agent
91. When a developing country globalizes its markets, wealthier countries benefit because they
- A. may experience increased regulation.
 - B. can borrow more cheaply in the emerging market.
 - C. become more efficient.
 - D. can earn a higher return on investments in the emerging market.
92. What might happen if a company does not establish a chain of command?
- A. Employees will not know what their responsibilities are.
 - B. Employees will have higher morale and be more productive.
 - C. The workplace will have a relaxed and flexible environment.
 - D. The company's executives will have more ownership over work.
93. Which of the following is a tool that businesses should use to set their overall organizational goals:
- A. Marketing plan
 - B. Financial budget
 - C. Mission statement
 - D. Productivity benchmarks
94. Which of the following situations presents a potentially unethical situation in relation to risk management:
- A. A manager reviews a report and notices a mistake.
 - B. A business uses computer software that detects inconsistent data.
 - C. An employee researches various compliance issues affecting the industry.
 - D. A company executive provides a tax auditor with incomplete information.
95. To secure confidential financial data that are transmitted through the internet, businesses often use
- A. cross-platform technology.
 - B. encryption techniques.
 - C. bots.
 - D. debuggers.
96. How does forming a captive insurance company typically impact a corporation's federal tax liability?
- A. Increases tax due on the captive's loss reserves
 - B. Reduces tax due on the captive's premiums
 - C. Increases the corporation's sales tax liabilities
 - D. Eliminates the corporation's state tax liabilities
97. Which type of risk is easier to reduce because it can be forecasted?
- A. Economic
 - B. External
 - C. Internal
 - D. Natural

98. Which of the following is a true statement regarding enterprise risk management (ERM):
- A. Risks usually relate to relationships between employees.
 - B. All risks considered in ERM are negative.
 - C. ERM can make achieving goals more difficult.
 - D. ERM focuses on the combined impact of all risks.
99. An organization should include independent members on its board of directors because they
- A. are less likely to act unethically.
 - B. represent the interests of management.
 - C. understand the company's inner workings.
 - D. provide an objective perspective.
100. A human resources manager sets up a computerized system for maintaining employee records. What type of resource is the manager using?
- A. Human
 - B. Financial
 - C. Material
 - D. Natural



KEY

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1. C
Compliance. The compliance department within an investment bank is in charge of making sure the bank is following applicable rules and regulations. One of the tasks that a compliance department employee might complete is monitoring communications between employees and the public. It is important for investment banks to comply with any regulation regarding communications and to monitor communications for potential violations. There is no indication that Carrie works in securities and trading, human resources, or operations.
SOURCE: BL:148 Discuss the nature and scope of compliance in the finance industry
SOURCE: Hargrave, M. (2020, May 16). *Compliance department*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/compliancedepartment.asp>
2. C
Necessary information only. A characteristic of simple written reports is that they are concise and usually contain only necessary information. The purpose of simple written reports is to present important information in a clear manner. Adding additional or supporting information that is not absolutely necessary decreases the effectiveness of simple written reports. Extensive charts and graphs, complete bibliographies, and the names of all references may be included in complex written reports, but they are not used in simple written reports.
SOURCE: CO:094 Prepare simple written reports
SOURCE: Indeed. (2020, February 4). *How to write a report for work (with examples)*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.indeed.com/career-advice/career-development/how-to-write-a-report-for-work>
3. C
"S" corporation. This form of business ownership limits personal liability and offers a lower rate of taxation. Profits go directly to stockholders who pay taxes as individuals. This avoids the problem of double taxation on corporate profits. Partnerships offer lower tax rates but do not offer limited liability. Open corporations and close corporations offer limited liability but do not offer lower tax rates.
SOURCE: BL:003 Explain types of business ownership
SOURCE: LAP-BL-001—Own It Your Way (Types of Business Ownership)
4. C
Examine the package for prohibited materials. Customs and border protection officials impose controls on any item that enters the country. They are often allowed by law to examine packages, looking for any prohibited materials. Laney's imported supplies will likely be searched by government officials. However, the government officials are not allowed to take a portion of an imported shipment. Laney is not required to obtain a license to import supplies. Finally, it is not likely that government officials will remove the country of origin label from the packaging. The country of origin is required on the packaging.
SOURCE: BL:145 Explain the nature of import/export law
SOURCE: FindLaw. (2016, May 6). *U.S. import requirements*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <http://corporate.findlaw.com/litigation-disputes/u-s-import-requirements.html>
5. A
Provide information to investors so they can make informed decisions. Full-disclosure laws and regulations require companies to disclose—publicize—any information that could affect the value of the firms' stocks. Investors need this information so they can make informed buy, hold, or sell decisions about investments. Full-disclosure laws also prevent company employees and other insiders from using privileged information for their personal gain. Full-disclosure laws do not require companies to disclose every bit of information about their operations—some undisclosed trade secrets are permitted. Full-disclosure laws and regulations are not designed to impact par values of stock.
SOURCE: BL:133 Discuss legal considerations in the finance industry
SOURCE: Kenton, W. (2018, April 18). *Full disclosure*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/f/fulldisclosure.asp>

6. D

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau works to make financial products safe for consumers by educating and informing them; by supervising banks, credit unions, and other financial-services providers; and by studying consumer behavior. The Federal Bureau of Investigation gathers intelligence and conducts criminal investigations. The Consumer Product Safety Commission is the federal agency that carries the bulk of the responsibility for ensuring product safety.

The Federal Trade Commission aims to protect consumers and to eliminate unfair business competition.

SOURCE: BL:133 Discuss legal considerations in the finance industry

SOURCE: National Archives and Records Administration. (n.d.). *Consumer Financial Protection Bureau*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.federalregister.gov/agencies/consumer-financial-protection-bureau>

7. B

Tax-deferred income. Certain types of investments or funds are not taxed until the money is being used, such as money in an individual retirement account (IRA) that retirees use for living expenses. Capital gains refers to the difference between the purchase price and selling price of an investment. For example, the capital gains on a house purchased for \$250,000 and sold for \$300,000 is \$50,000.

Dividends are subject to dual taxation—both the company and the shareholder pay tax on stock earnings. Tax-exemption involves money that is not taxed, such as certain types of charitable donations.

SOURCE: BL:134 Discuss the effect of tax laws and regulations on financial transactions

SOURCE: Tracy, P. (2020, August 28). *What is tax deferred?* Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.investinganswers.com/financial-dictionary/tax-center/tax-deferred-2477>

8. C

Customer discovery. Data mining is the process of searching computer databases to look for patterns and relationships among data. Businesses use data mining processes to identify new markets and discover the customers who are most likely to purchase their products by sorting through various types of data. Then, businesses can take steps to promote their products to the prospects or customers who have the most buying potential after discovery takes place. A vendor is a supplier. Input is feedback.

SOURCE: CR:024 Use Customer Relationship Management (CRM) technology

SOURCE: Patel, N. (2020). *10 ways data mining can help you get a competitive edge*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://neilpatel.com/blog/data-mining/>

9. A

Collection letter. A collection letter is a type of persuasive message that many businesses write to customers who are delinquent in making payments on their accounts. The purpose of the collection letter is to persuade customers to send payment or to contact the business to make some type of arrangement. Collection letters should not offend customers but should convince them to respond immediately. Many businesses write electronic mail, handwritten notes, and interoffice memos, but these types of messages are not necessarily persuasive.

SOURCE: CO:031 Write persuasive messages

SOURCE: Business Dictionary. (2020). *Letter of collection*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <http://www.businessdictionary.com/definition/letter-of-collection.html>

10. A

Procyclic and coincident. Nominal interest rates are interest rates that have not been adjusted for inflation. In other words, nominal interest rates include both the real interest rate and inflation. Like inflation, nominal interest rates are procyclic and coincident economic indicators. They move in the same direction as the general economy, and they move at the same time as the general economy.

Countercyclic economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, move in the opposite direction of the economy. Lagging economic indicators change several months after the economy begins to improve or worsen.

SOURCE: FI:574 Describe the relationship between economic conditions and financial markets

SOURCE: Moffatt, M. (2018, February 19). *A beginner's guide to economic indicators*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://www.thoughtco.com/beginners-guide-to-economic-indicators-1145901>

11. D

Implementing monitoring systems and security software. Many employees work remotely or use their own devices such as smartphones and tablets. One way that companies can handle the compliance risks associated with this trend is by implementing monitoring systems and security software. This type of software can monitor and archive employees' communications, which provides an audit trail and helps companies meet compliance objectives. It is not realistic to suggest keeping digital communications between employees only; employees have many reasons to communicate with those outside of the organization. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to prevent employees from using their own devices. Finally, hiring more compliance professionals would not in and of itself help companies deal with compliance in relation to remote work and personal device use.

SOURCE: BL:149 Describe the use of technology in compliance

SOURCE: Gossington, M. (2017, September 11). *The future of compliance: How a new breed of technology is changing the way we manage compliance*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://pwc.blogs.com/fsrr/2017/09/the-future-of-compliance-how-a-new-breed-of-technology-is-changing-the-way-we-manage-compliance.html>

12. C

Tax shelters. Tax shelters are methods of minimizing taxable income. For example, the government does not tax the income that an employee places in an employer-sponsored retirement program until the employee withdraws the money from his/her account. In other words, this portion of the employee's income is tax-deferred. Homeowners minimize their tax obligation when they write off their interest on their mortgages as tax deductions on their tax returns. Garnishment is a court-ordered action in which a portion of an employee's salary is transferred to a third party. Alimony and child support are examples of garnishments. Real estate is a tangible asset. Derivatives are securities that function as tools for trading underlying assets.

SOURCE: BL:134 Discuss the effect of tax laws and regulations on financial transactions

SOURCE: Kagan, J. (2020, June 30). *Tax shelter*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/t/taxshelter.asp#:~:text=A%20tax%20shelter%20is%20a%20place%20to%20legally%20store%20assets,illegal%20practice%20of%20tax%20evasion>

13. D

Locate an employee who can assist the customer. The employee should not attempt to answer questions about something with which s/he is not familiar. Instead, the employee should find someone who can help the customer. Telling why s/he can't answer the question and simply introducing the customer to another employee would not adequately meet the customer's needs.

SOURCE: CR:006 Respond to customer inquiries

SOURCE: Csizmadia, A. (2018, September 25). *Oops, I don't know: How to respond to a customer's question when you don't know the answer*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.liveagent.com/blog/oops-i-dont-know-how-to-respond-to-a-customers-question-when-you-dont-know-the-answer/#:~:text=Don't%20immediately%20resort%20to,answer%20from%20the%20appropriate%20authority>

14. C

Corporate governance processes. Internal corporate governance processes, or control mechanisms, include oversight of management, independent internal audits, and the segregation of duties. Internal control mechanisms are designed to ensure smooth day-to-day operations, clarify the chain of command, and measure organizational performance. This example demonstrates the impact of internal corporate governance processes on decision-making and management functions—not external regulations, community involvement, or public relations efforts.

SOURCE: PD:303 Describe the impact of governance processes on decision-making and management functions

SOURCE: Davoren, J. (2020). *Three types of corporate governance mechanisms*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://smallbusiness.chron.com/three-types-corporate-governance-mechanisms-66711.html>

15. C
Competence. A financial planner who fails to stay current is not competent because s/he is not maintaining the knowledge necessary to provide accurate information. Confidentiality refers to the protection of client information. If the financial planner is unaware of new laws impacting financial products, s/he is not intentionally being dishonest. Objectivity refers to providing information without bias.
SOURCE: CR:012 Explain the responsibilities of finance professionals in providing client services
SOURCE: CFP Board. (2020). *Code of ethics and standards of conduct*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.cfp.net/ethics/code-of-ethics-and-standards-of-conduct>
16. D
Complete a data cleansing of the erroneous entries. One of the quickest ways for a business to upset its customers is to accuse them of failing to pay their bills—especially when the business has already received payment from them. To ensure that these customers do not receive more erroneous collection letters in the future, Beverly should complete a data cleansing of the erroneous entries, removing them from the system. Completing an accounting software update isn't likely to have an effect on the erroneous entries. While it might be helpful to contact each customer by phone and apologize, Beverly needs to do more than that to ensure that the customers are not bothered in the future. The \$25,628 is not a debt. It is the sum total of all the erroneous duplicate entries in the accounts receivable account.
SOURCE: CR:024 Use Customer Relationship Management (CRM) technology
SOURCE: Cook, R. (n.d.). *Six steps to improved data quality and more effective marketing*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.crmsearch.com/marketing-data-quality.php>
17. C
By territory. A divisional organizational structure is often broken down into units by product, by process, by territory, or by customer type. The traditional functional structure is broken down by function (sales, marketing, etc.). No common organizational designs are divided by manager or job type.
SOURCE: EC:103 Explain the organizational design of businesses
SOURCE: LAP-EC-103—Designed to Work (Organizational Design of Business)
18. A
Globalization. Because of globalization, there is a growing need for businesses to develop cultural intelligence, an understanding of and sensitivity to the differences in customs, traditions, and values that exist among cultures. Any organization attempting to compete internationally must take the time and effort to cultivate cultural intelligence. Technology can impact a business but does not require cultural intelligence. Economics can impact a business' financial opportunities but does not require cultural intelligence. A business conducting business with or within another country may be affected by the country's politics, but politics are not the reason for cultivating cultural intelligence.
SOURCE: EC:105 Describe factors that affect the business environment
SOURCE: LAP-EC-105—What's Shakin'? (Factors Affecting the Business Environment)
19. B
Borrowing. The government sells bonds to other countries and to the private sector to raise the money not provided by taxation. Donations are not a source of income for the federal government. Price supports are a type of government regulation where the price of a good is artificially raised to ensure profits for producers. Subsidies are another type of government regulation where the government grants money to producers or gives them a tax break.
SOURCE: EC:008 Determine the relationship between government and business
SOURCE: LAP-EC-016—Regulate and Protect (Government and Business)
20. C
Right-to-work laws. These laws, which are legislated by individual states, give employees the right to work without being required to join a union. In states with right-to-work laws, union activity is limited. Workers' right to bargain collectively is guaranteed by law; therefore, workers can use the collective-bargaining process at any geographical location. The availability of natural resources and capital goods is not related to the geographical development of unions.
SOURCE: EC:015 Explain the concept of organized labor and business
SOURCE: LAP-EC-005—Get United (Organized Labor)

21. B

High-context culture. Since the French-Canadian culture relies heavily on nonverbal communication to get messages across, it is a high-context culture. A low-context culture is one in which people speak more directly. Relying on nonverbal communication does not make a culture more religious or more ethnocentric (believing their culture is superior).

SOURCE: EC:045 Discuss the impact of cultural and social environments on global trade

SOURCE: LAP-EC-045—On Top of the World (Impact of Culture on Global Trade)

22. A

Geography. The geographical location of cities and ports is an important component of global trade. Los Angeles is an example of a city that is ideally located for trade because it can be easily accessed from the Pacific Ocean. Natural resources, political factors, and economic development also influence where the centers of global trade are located, but this example best demonstrates geography's impact on global trade.

SOURCE: EC:114 Explain the impact of geography on world trade

SOURCE: Kang, S. (2015, April 26). *What are the main factors affecting international trade?* Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/what-main-factors-affecting-international-trade-simon-kang/>

23. A

Earn trust and respect. When you take responsibility for your decisions and actions, you will likely earn the trust and respect of others. They will know they can depend on you to do the right thing and to keep your commitments. Taking responsibility doesn't necessarily guarantee that you'll make new friends, earn higher grades, or get a promotion—but it can certainly help!

SOURCE: EI:075 Take responsibility for decisions and actions

SOURCE: LAP-EI-075—It's Up to You (Taking Responsibility for Decisions and Actions)

24. D

The board of directors. A corporation's board of directors is responsible for approving and reviewing the corporate governance policies of the business. These corporate governance policies specify the guidelines and rules by which a corporation is directed and run. Although shareholders, the management team, and the investors are affected by these rules, it is the job of the board to approve and review them.

SOURCE: PD:213 Discuss the importance of corporate governance in business

SOURCE: Corporate Finance Institute. (2020). *Board of directors*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/careers/jobs/board-of-directors/>

25. B

Anticipate. By anticipating, or expecting, change, we can plan for it and make a better adjustment to it. To resist or oppose change would be to avoid it or try to prevent it from occurring, which would keep us from moving forward.

SOURCE: EI:026 Adjust to change

SOURCE: Reiff, S. (2017, September 26). *Anticipating change: 7 steps to an effective succession plan*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.capincrouse.com/7-steps-effective-succession-plan/>

26. D

Developing an alternative plan in case of technology failure. Risk management is a business activity that involves the planning, controlling, preventing, and limiting of business losses and enhancing possibilities for gain. The purpose of risk management is to identify, measure, respond to, and monitor risks to minimize their impact and keep the business functioning smoothly. An example of a risk is technology failure, so a way to manage that risk is to develop an alternative plan. Following all of the rules and procedures is not an example of risk management. Treating others with respect is also not an example of risk management. Finally, checking that a product works the way it is supposed to is an example of quality management rather than risk management.

SOURCE: RM:041 Explain the role of ethics in risk management

SOURCE: LAP-RM-041—Manage Risk the Right Way (Ethics in Risk Management)

27. B

Credit evaluation tools. Credit approval is a process that an individual must go through to become eligible for a loan. Before extending loans to customers, banks use credit evaluation tools to determine the customer's ability to pay the loan back. Credit approval depends on many factors, including the willingness of the bank to lend money in the current economy and the borrower's ability to pay the loan back. Banks do not typically use financial aptitude tests, focus groups and interviews, or physical health screenings to determine a customer's ability to pay back a loan.

SOURCE: FM:009 Describe techniques used to analyze customer financial information

SOURCE: Inc. (2020, February 6). *Credit evaluation and approval*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <http://www.inc.com/encyclopedia/credit-evaluation-and-approval.html>

28. B

Yes; teams with a mixture of skills and talents perform to their best abilities. One of the benefits of teamwork is exposure to varied skills and talents. Allowing people to do what they're good at increases the odds of success and allows everyone to perform to his/her best ability. Bryan and Erin could take on different aspects of the team's work that best suit their skills, leading to a stronger result. While their differences may cause conflict, this is not a reason to avoid being on the same team because almost every team has conflict. Every team member does not need to enjoy planning and be detail-oriented. In this situation, Erin does not need to help Bryan learn to be more creative because Bryan can use his own skills and talents to contribute to the team.

SOURCE: EI:045 Participate as a team member

SOURCE: LAP-EI-045—Team Up (Participating as a Team Member)

29. C

A poor reputation. Even when no laws have been broken, unethical behavior still reflects poorly on individuals and organizations, damaging their reputations. Unethical behavior generally does not lead to an increased customer base. Imprisonment is a negative consequence that would follow an illegal action. Decreased managerial authority is not necessarily related to unethical actions.

SOURCE: EI:132 Model ethical behavior

SOURCE: LAP-EI-132—Practice What You Preach (Modeling Ethical Behavior)

30. D

Springdale addresses and purchases over \$100,000. When running a query in a database, you must apply criteria so the database knows which entries to retrieve. These criteria should align with the questions that the query is meant to answer. Because the furniture retailer is interested in high-volume customers in Springdale, the criteria should match up with that. Springdale addresses and purchases over \$100,000 will pull up the information that the retailer needs to know. Purchase dates in the last year, email address entered, and number of purchases over 10 will not provide the information that the retailer is seeking.

SOURCE: NF:124 Demonstrate advanced database applications

SOURCE: Goodwill Community Foundation. (2020). *Access: Designing a multi-table query*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://edu.gcfglobal.org/en/access/designing-a-multitable-query/1/>

31. C

Risk retention group. A risk retention group is a type of insurance company that is owned by its members—its policyholders. As the owner of the insurance company, a risk retention group retains and controls its liability rather than transferring its risks to another entity. Because the risk retention group retains control, it retains the profits that it generates. Risk retention groups are typically formed by similar businesses and industries and pay lower licensing fees than traditional insurance companies. Local insurance agencies are not owned by their policyholders. Insurance brokers deal with many insurance carriers/products to meet the needs of their clients. An insurance underwriting association is a professional association, which is a group of individuals who work in the same profession.

SOURCE: RM:043 Discuss legal considerations affecting risk management

SOURCE: InvestorWords. (2020). *Risk retention group (RRG)*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from http://www.investorwords.com/15646/risk_retention_group_RRG.html

32. A

If customers realize the reviews are fake, they will lose trust in the company. In an attempt to attract customers to their new businesses, some struggling entrepreneurs hire people to write fake reviews of their products. Soliciting fake reviews in an attempt to win over customers isn't just unethical, it's unwise. If customers realize that the company's reviews are largely fake, they are unlikely to ever use the company's products or services. Trust is an integral component of any relationship—especially the relationship between a customer and a company. When that trust is violated through dishonest business practices, business suffers. Fake reviews will not necessarily lead to an influx of purchases—and customers can often tell when reviews are inauthentic. Many customers highly trust peer reviews when considering a product or service; it is not true that people rarely believe that reviews are accurate.

SOURCE: EN:044 Describe the use of business ethics in entrepreneurship

SOURCE: LAP-EN-044—Ethical Excellence (Ethics in Entrepreneurship)

33. C

An individual pays \$500 to purchase a laptop. When money is accepted in exchange for a good such as a laptop, it is being used as a medium of exchange. When one denomination of cash is exchanged for another, it has not been exchanged for goods. Money placed into a savings account is being used as a store of value for future use. A loan represents deferred payments, not a medium of exchange.

SOURCE: FI:060 Describe functions of money (medium of exchange, unit of measure, store of value)

SOURCE: Ponnusamy, S. (2016, October 18). *Functions of money in the modern economic system*. Retrieved September 16, 2020, from <https://owlcation.com/social-sciences/Functions-of-Money-in-Modern-Economic-System>

34. D

Borrower. A promissory note is a legal form signed by a borrower promising to repay a loan. The person who signs a promissory note is called a borrower. A lender is the individual or financial institution granting the loan. A creditor is a person who extends credit or to whom money is owed. A depositor is a person who places money in the bank for safekeeping.

SOURCE: FI:002 Explain the purposes and importance of credit

SOURCE: LAP-FI-002—Give Credit Where Credit Is Due (Credit and Its Importance)

35. C

Brokerage company. A brokerage company acts as an intermediary to facilitate securities transactions, such as the buying and selling of stocks, for the general public. A commercial bank offers banking services such as savings, checking, and loans to consumers and businesses. An investment bank is a financial intermediary that provides services for businesses and governments. A credit union provides services such as savings and checking to individuals who meet its enrollment requirements.

SOURCE: FI:336 Describe the role of financial institutions

SOURCE: Horton, M. (2020, February 8). *What are the 9 major types of financial institution?* Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/ask/answers/061615/what-are-major-categories-financial-institutions-and-what-are-their-primary-roles.asp>

36. C

Buy orders are made at specific times. On call markets, transactions take place at specific times. When individuals put in orders to buy or sell a commodity, analysts review the orders to determine the optimal selling price that will satisfy most of the orders. After determining the price, all transactions occur at the same time. In call markets, there are typically few traders and a low trading volume. On the other hand, trades occur continuously on auction markets, and the buyers' and sellers' activities influence the price at any given time.

SOURCE: FI:337 Explain types of financial markets (e.g., money market, capital market, insurance market, commodities markets, etc.)

SOURCE: McMahan, M. (2020, August 29). *What is a call market?* Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.wisegEEK.com/what-is-a-call-market.htm>

37. D

Raw or primary products. A commodity market is a physical or virtual marketplace where individuals and companies can buy and sell raw goods (commodities) such as oil, gold, and rubber. A marketplace for buying and selling financial securities is known as a capital market. A marketplace for buying and selling shares of companies is known as a stock market. A marketplace for buying and selling government bonds is known as a bond market.

SOURCE: FI:337 Explain types of financial markets (e.g., money market, capital market, insurance market, commodities markets, etc.)

SOURCE: Chen, J. (2020, January 16). *Commodity market*. Retrieved September 16, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/commodity-market.asp>

38. D

United Federal Bank merges with Provincial Insurance Company. Convergence is the merging of financial providers from different financial sectors. An example of convergence is a retail bank (e.g., United Federal Bank) merging with an insurance company (e.g., Provincial Insurance Company) to form a single entity. Consolidation is the merging of financial providers within the same institutional category. For example, consolidation occurs when two banks merge to form one bank; two insurance companies merge to form one insurance company; or two financial consulting companies merge to form one financial consulting company.

SOURCE: FI:573 Discuss the nature of convergence/consolidation in the finance industry

SOURCE: Techopedia. (2020, July 2). *Convergence*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.techopedia.com/definition/769/convergence>

39. B

Dollar increasing in value. An upturn or increase in commodity prices is typically preceded by a number of economic trends and conditions. These trends include the dollar strengthening, or increasing in value, for at least a year; the stock market increasing and improving for at least a year; the growth of the money supply increasing for at least a year; and the yield curve steepening for at least a year. Growth in employment and industrial production also accompany an upturn in commodity prices.

SOURCE: FI:574 Describe the relationship between economic conditions and financial markets

SOURCE: Perry, B. (2019, November 2). *4 key indicators that move the markets*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/articles/fundamental-analysis/10/indicators-that-move-the-market.asp>

40. D

A movement from fixed exchange rates to floating exchange rates. A fixed exchange rate is one that the government sets and maintains. A fixed exchange rate does not change very often. A floating exchange rate, on the other hand, is constantly in flux—determined by the market through supply and demand. To enable capital to flow more freely across their national borders, countries around the world have moved from fixed to floating exchange rates, lowered taxes on international financial transactions, increased foreigners' access to domestic financial markets, and decreased restrictions on foreign investment and international trade.

SOURCE: FI:575 Explain the nature and scope of financial globalization

SOURCE: Pologeorgis, N. (2019, June 25). *The globalization of financial services*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/articles/financial-theory/09/risk-free-rate-return.asp>

41. B

What are your qualifications? When interviewing potential financial advisors, you should ask about the advisor's professional qualifications to determine if s/he has the right skills and abilities for your needs. Other relevant questions include: What experience do you have? What financial-planning services do you offer? What is your approach to financial planning? Knowing the financial planner's personal life and whether the individual has a partner is not relevant when determining whether s/he can meet your needs. Asking why someone decided to become a financial advisor may shed light on a person's motivations and passions but will not necessarily help you determine whether the individual is the best fit for you.

SOURCE: FI:076 Discuss considerations in selecting a financial-services provider

SOURCE: Williams, G. & Hicks, C. (2019, March 11). *How to choose a financial advisor*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://money.usnews.com/investing/investing-101/articles/how-to-choose-a-financial-advisor>

42. B

Online brokerage firm. Online brokerage firms provide clients with securities information via the internet. Generally, online brokerage firms offer fewer services than full-service brokerage firms, so clients assume more responsibility for managing their own investments. A stockbroker is a licensed person who has the authority and expertise to buy and sell securities on behalf of a client. Stockbrokers often charge high fees or earn high commissions. Certified insurance agents and risk management officers do not always possess securities expertise or have reliable information about securities.

SOURCE: FI:274 Describe sources of securities information

SOURCE: Boyte-White, C. (2019, October 8). *The complete guide to choosing an online stock broker*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/investing/complete-guide-choosing-online-stock-broker/>

43. B

Last share on the previous day. The net change reports the difference in price from the previous day's closing price and today's closing price. The price paid for a share of stock last year is not relevant to net change. The price paid for a stock's first share on the previous day is also not considered when calculating the net change.

SOURCE: FI:275 Interpret securities table

SOURCE: Scott, G. (2019, June 25). *Net change*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/n/netchange.asp>

44. B

Ownership. An investment is the use of money to generate a profit or gain. An ownership investment is a type of investment that provides the owner with certain rights in return for using the money. Real estate is an example of an ownership investment. Because the owner of the apartment building rents living space to others, the owner has a right to expect payment (rent) from the renter. A lending investment involves letting someone borrow your money for a specific timeframe for a certain price. Savings accounts, bonds, and certificates of deposit are examples of lending investments. A domestic investment involves generating profits within one's own country. Insufficient information is provided to know whether buying an apartment building is a realistic investment.

SOURCE: FI:077 Explain types of investments

SOURCE: LAP-FI-077—Invest for Success (Types of Investments)

45. A

Universal life insurance. With universal life insurance, you will be insured for life and be able to grow your savings tax-free. This coverage is adapted to meet your insurance needs at any stage of life. It also lets you build your savings so that your beneficiaries are left with an inheritance. Term life insurance provides coverage for a set period of time—1, 5, 10, or 20 years. This insurance pays only if you are insured at the time of injury or illness. At the end of the coverage, you can renew your coverage, convert the term life insurance into permanent coverage, or let the policy lapse. Disability insurance pays a nontaxable benefit every month that you are disabled. Its coverage ends when your disability ends and does not include an inheritance for beneficiaries. Long-term care insurance is needed if you lose your independence due to physical or mental limitations following an accident or illness.

SOURCE: FI:081 Describe the concept of insurance

SOURCE: Fontinelle, A. (2020, June 26). *Guide to life insurance*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/l/lifeinsurance.asp>

46. A

Capital stock and retained earnings. The statement of changes in equity, also known as the statement of changes in stockholders' or shareholders' equity, indicates changes in stockholders' equity accounts during a specified time period. The capital stock section of a statement of changes in stockholder's equity shows the current value of stocks issued, while the retained earnings section shows the value of any net income retained for business expansion minus any dividends declared as distributions to stockholders.

Net income, dividends declared, and total stockholder's equity appear within the statement of changes in stockholder's equity, but they are not the most significant or major sections in that financial statement.

SOURCE: FI:630 Explain the nature of statements of changes in equity

SOURCE: Xplained. (2020). *Statement of changes in equity*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://xplained.com/969555/changes-in-shareholders-equity>

47. B

The finance field is full of temptations and pressures to be unethical. Unfortunately, the finance field is full of temptations and pressures to engage in unethical behavior. Financial professionals are confronted with a wide range of ethical dilemmas. Most financial professionals are not greedy and singularly concerned with making money. Financial professionals are not always rewarded for unethical behavior. Finally, there can be legal consequences for unethical actions.

SOURCE: FI:355 Discuss the role of ethics in finance

SOURCE: LAP-FI-355—Money Morals (The Role of Ethics in Finance)

48. B

Differential cost. Differential cost is the difference between the costs of two alternatives. Differential cost would help Lauren see which furniture supplier is the best choice. Sunk cost, indirect cost, and imputed cost do not help as directly with determining between two choices.

SOURCE: FI:658 Describe types of costs used in managerial accounting (e.g., direct cost, indirect cost, sunk cost, differential cost, etc.)

SOURCE: Accounting for Management. (2020). *Differential, opportunity and sunk costs*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.accountingformanagement.org/differential-opportunity-and-sunk-costs/>

49. A

Insurance. Indirect costs are costs that cannot be directly allocated to a specific cost object. Wages, materials, and commissions can all be assigned to specific people, projects, or departments. However, insurance is an indirect cost because it is used by various departments, people, and projects.

SOURCE: FI:658 Describe types of costs used in managerial accounting (e.g., direct cost, indirect cost, sunk cost, differential cost, etc.)

SOURCE: Bragg, S. (2018, December 24). *The difference between direct costs and indirect costs*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.accountingtools.com/articles/the-difference-between-direct-costs-and-indirect-costs.html>

50. C

\$1,308. To calculate the future value of a one-year investment, first calculate the earned interest by multiplying the original amount by the interest rate ($\$1,200 \times .09 = \108). Then, the amount of earned interest is added to the original amount to calculate the total value of the investment ($\$108 + \$1,200 = \$1,308$).

SOURCE: FI:238 Calculate the time value of money

SOURCE: TVMCalcs. (2020). *Time value of money: Concepts and calculations*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from http://www.tvmcalcs.com/index.php/tvm/tvm_intro

51. C

Providing important information for decision-making. Managerial accountants provide the financial information that managers need to make decisions that improve their company's efficiency and overall success. This information includes budgeting, analysis, etc. Managerial accountants do not prepare financial statements for investors; this is a task of financial accountants. Managerial accountants also do not ensure that company employees are paid fairly; this task would fall to the human resources department. Certified public accountants (CPAs) provide tax advice and file taxes for clients.

SOURCE: FI:660 Explain the nature of managerial accounting

SOURCE: Tarver, E. (2019, November 2). *When is managerial accounting appropriate?* Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/ask/answers/062315/what-are-common-scenarios-which-managerial-accounting-appropriate.asp>

52. D

Purchase price. A variance is the difference between an established standard and the actual outcome. It is important for a business to monitor variances in the price of raw materials because they affect its bottom line. When a vendor increases the prices that it charges for raw materials, it costs the business (manufacturer) more money to produce an item. The business may need to find a vendor that charges less for the materials or parts, or it may need to increase its selling price—the amount that the business charges its customers for the finished good. Fixed overhead costs are expenses that do not change in relation to changes in sales volume and include things such as rent and employee salaries. Material yield analysis involves analyzing variances in the number of materials/products that are supposed to be used/sold with the actual number of materials/products that have been used/sold in a certain time frame.

SOURCE: FI:661 Discuss the use of variance analysis in managerial accounting

SOURCE: Bragg, S. (2018, December 21). *Variance analysis*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.accountingtools.com/articles/what-is-variance-analysis.html>

53. B

Is used to monitor activities in a business. A financial control is a tool that is used to monitor business activities, such as reviewing spending and comparing it to the budget. A cost accounting budget keeps companies from exceeding their spending limits. Financial control does not mean that access to financial data is restricted. While budgets do predict what will happen with finances in the future, this is not what is meant by financial control. Finally, budgets aid the decision-making process rather than making it more complicated.

SOURCE: FI:662 Discuss the nature of cost accounting budgets

SOURCE: Boyd, K. (n.d.). *Cost accounting: Budgeting basics*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.dummies.com/business/accounting/cost-accounting-budgeting-basics/>

54. C

Number of customers. A cost driver is a variable that causally affects costs over time. Because internet service becomes more expensive as the number of people using it increases, the number of customers in a coffee shop drives the cost of the internet service. The number of products sold, the number of direct labor hours, and the number of ingredients per product could all be considered cost drivers but not specifically for the cost of internet service.

SOURCE: FI:663 Discuss the nature of cost allocation

SOURCE: Banton, C. (2020, January 23). *Activity cost driver*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/a/activity-cost-driver.asp>

55. C

Allocating costs. Cost allocation is the process of assigning costs to cost objects, such as projects, departments, or regions. Jamila is allocating the cost of the email platform to the marketing department. Jamila is not performing marginal analysis, eliminating sunk costs, or performing cost-benefit analysis.

SOURCE: FI:663 Discuss the nature of cost allocation

SOURCE: Bragg, S. (2019, May 4). *Cost allocation*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.accountingtools.com/articles/what-is-cost-allocation.html>

56. D

\$7,111.75. To determine how much you should invest today, calculate the present value of your investment using the formula $\text{Present Value} = \text{Future Value} / (1 + \text{Interest Rate})^{\text{Number of Years}}$. So, the present value of your investment is equal to $\$8,000 / (1 + 0.04)^3$. To solve this equation, first add one to the interest rate ($1 + 0.04 = 1.04$). Next, raise this sum to the third power, which is the same as multiplying the sum by itself three times ($1.04^3 = 1.04 \times 1.04 \times 1.04 = 1.1249$). Finally, divide the future value of your investment by this product ($\$8,000 / 1.1249 = \$7,111.75$). To have \$8,000 in three years, you need to invest \$7,111.75 today.

SOURCE: FI:238 Calculate the time value of money

SOURCE: Study Finance. (2020). *Time value of money*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://studyfinance.com/time-value/>

57. B

Optimal decision-making. Marginal analysis is a technique used to make financial decisions by comparing the relevant costs of each alternative to determine the difference in cost. Marginal analysis helps companies make decisions that optimize resource use and maximize profits. It helps them select the best financial option. However, marginal analysis is not always suited for long-term decisions; rather, it is better suited for short-term decision-making. Marginal analysis should not take sunk costs into account because they do not impact future outcomes. Finally, marginal analysis is not necessarily related to improved workplace communication.

SOURCE: FI:659 Describe marginal analysis techniques and applications

SOURCE: Ross, S. (2018, September 1). *How marginal analysis helps in managerial decisions*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/ask/answers/042315/how-marginal-analysis-used-making-managerial-decision.asp>

58. D

Multiple financial data sources and systems within an organization. One of the most common problems faced by financial-information management is multiple financial data sources and systems within an organization. Because of the different, sometimes incompatible, data sources and systems, it is often difficult for managers to get a single view of their companies' financials. Therefore, organizational overreliance on a master source and system for financial data is not typically a financial-information management problem. Few companies have a single master source of data nor a single system for recording and reporting the data. Rather than strict organizational data governance policies and processes, most companies suffer from inadequate data governance. Due to increased compliance regulations, most companies have much more financial information than ever before.

SOURCE: FM:002 Explain the nature and scope of the financial-information management function

SOURCE: Element61. (2020). *SAP financial information management*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.element61.be/en/competence/sap-financial-information-management-sap-fim>

59. D

Insider trading. Illegal insider trading occurs when a company employee buys or sells company stock based on information that is not disclosed to the public. It is also illegal for a company employee to share that information with others so that they can buy or sell the stock before the public is made aware of the information. Disparate data structures are financial-information databases that organize data differently, making it very difficult to compare the data housed in the different applications. Stewardship is an ethical consideration in financial-information management. Essentially, it means that those individuals managing a company's financial information are expected to maintain the data in a consistent, useful, responsible manner. Encryption is the process of transforming information into a secret code so that only the recipient can read it.

SOURCE: FM:002 Explain the nature and scope of the financial-information management function

SOURCE: Ganti, A. (2020, May 8). *Insider trading*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/i/insidertrading.asp>

60. C

Use auditing software applications. Auditing software tracks and records each step of all financial transactions. By keeping records of each step of a financial transaction, the business reduces the risks associated with embezzlement and other unethical and illegal activities within the business. Organizing a network database would not actively reduce the risks associated with manipulated financial data. If problems with financial data are detected, independent forensic accountants may be brought into the business to evaluate the inconsistencies. Businesses do not want to limit their financial transactions because some of them involve sales, which increase the businesses' profitability.

SOURCE: FM:003 Explain the role of ethics in financial-information management

SOURCE: Tatum, M. (2020, August 13). *What is an audit trail?* Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.wisegEEK.com/what-is-an-audit-trail.htm>

61. C

They can obtain faster responses to queries. Since data are housed in one location, querying the data is faster, thereby improving organizational efficiency. Having a central depository ensures that data from different applications are combined into one common storage area which increases the speed with which queries can be run. Using a central repository for financial information enables businesses to achieve economies of scale rather than overcoming them. They also have access to more consistent, up-to-date information rather than relying on old data.

SOURCE: FM:011 Describe the use of technology in the financial-information management function

SOURCE: Teleo. (2019, February 18). *Benefits of a central data repository*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.teleoinc.com/benefits-of-a-central-data-repository/>

62. A

Show the business's cash flow status. Budgeting applications enable businesses to maintain, monitor, and forecast a business's financial status and generate financial reports that can be shared with a business's decision makers. Expenses, revenue, cash flow, profit/loss, etc., are easily tracked and determined using budgeting applications. Equipment needing repairs, new services to offer customers, and EDI needs are not captured and predicted by budgeting applications.

SOURCE: FM:013 Demonstrate budgeting applications

SOURCE: Revenued. (2018, October 12). *The best apps and tools to track business cash flow*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.revenued.com/articles/cash-flow/best-apps-and-tools-track-business-cash-flow/>

63. D

Operating budget. Operating budgets are based on financial projections. Companies analyze their financial performance from previous years and then predict their future incomes and expenses based on their analysis. Because they are predictive budgets, operating budgets are created in advance of the accounting period. Cash flow budgets are similar to operating budgets in that they are also projective budgets. Cash flow budgets are a means of projecting how and when cash will flow in and out of a company over a specific period of time. Companies use cash flow budgets to determine whether they are managing their cash wisely. Financial budgets explain a company's overall financial strategy for managing its assets, cash flow, income, and expenses. A master budget combines all of a company's different budgets to determine the overall financial health of the organization.

SOURCE: FM:013 Demonstrate budgeting applications

SOURCE: Girsch-Bock, M. (2020, July 1). *How to create a business budget for your small business*. Retrieved September 16, 2020, from <https://www.fool.com/the-blueprint/business-budget/>

64. C

Profitability. Profit is the money remaining after total costs (e.g., all materials, production, storage) are deducted from total revenue. A company may analyze the profitability of a specific product to determine if it is generating the desired level of revenue for the company. If the product is not generating the desired profit, the company may determine that it needs to increase the product's selling price or drop the item from its product line. Liquidity is a measure that indicates a business's ability to use or convert assets into cash to meet short-term obligations. Stockturn is the number of times stock is sold in a given period of time. Market value is the price at which an asset would sell in an auction setting.

SOURCE: FM:014 Demonstrate financial analysis applications

SOURCE: Reference for Business. (2020). *Financial ratios*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://www.referenceforbusiness.com/encyclopedia/Fa-For/Financial-Ratios.html>

65. A

Sustainability report. Sustainability reporting looks beyond the business's financial data and summarizes its position in terms of social responsibility—its governance practices, commitment to stakeholders, and the economic effect on the natural environment and community at large. A business that uses all of its resources responsibly and has a positive effect on the external environment is more likely to be sustainable—in a position to continue operating long-term. Existing and potential stakeholders often review a business's sustainability report when making investment decisions because they do not want to invest in a company that is not sustainable. A mission statement is a brief summary of what the business owner wants a business to be doing—it defines the business's overall purpose. An executive summary is the component of a complex report that summarizes the key points of the entire document. An action plan documents the methods in which a business will carry out a project or activity.

SOURCE: FM:016 Discuss non-traditional uses for financial information (e.g., lean, sustainability reporting, activity-based costing [ABC], six sigma)

SOURCE: YouMatter. (2020, June 3). *CSR or sustainability report: Definition, meaning, benefits & examples from companies*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://youmatter.world/en/definition/definitions-csr-report-important-examples/#:~:text=%E2%80%9CA%20sustainability%20report%20is%20a,caused%20by%20its%20everyday%20activities>

66. A

Qualified loan cosigner. Businesses and financial institutions consider many factors before extending credit or providing a loan to prospective customers. These factors include the customer's credit history and credit score, liquid assets, debt ratio, current income, and employment status. Because Francesca does not have much credit history to evaluate, the dealership is more likely to approve the loan if Francesca gets a cosigner. The cosigner agrees to cover the debt if Francesca defaults on the loan. Often, guardians, parents, or grandparents will agree to cosign for loans. Cosigners must meet certain criteria to qualify as a cosigner. Lenders can obtain credit reports from credit bureaus—the loan applicant does not need to provide the report. Francesca does not control when her employer increases her pay, so this option is not a consideration. Lenders do not request letters of intent from prospective customers.

SOURCE: FM:009 Describe techniques used to analyze customer financial information

SOURCE: Berman, C. (2017, March 28). *How to get a personal loan with a co-signer*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.sapling.com/2076665/get-personal-loan-cosigner>

67. C

Reducing new employees' anxiety. Many new employees are anxious and nervous during their first days or weeks on the job because they are putting themselves into an unknown situation. Without an orientation, they may not know what to do or how to conduct themselves in the workplace. An effective orientation program can help to alleviate these new employees' anxiety. Taking part in an orientation does not usually increase new employees' compensation. While an orientation program typically does reduce employee startup costs and save supervisors' time, those are benefits to the organization, not to the new employees.

SOURCE: HR:360 Orient new employees

SOURCE: Bacal, R. (2019). *A quick guide to employee orientation: Help for managers & HR*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <http://work911.com/articles/orient.htm>

68. D

Corporate responsibility. Corporate or social responsibility involves implementing activities that contribute to the well-being of society. Businesses that make charitable donations, finance hospital expansion efforts, and set up scholarship funds are exhibiting corporate responsibility. By "giving back" to the community, businesses are demonstrating their support for the community, which reinforces or improves their reputations. A business that has a positive reputation is more likely to keep and gain loyal customers. Personal competence is an individual's ability to do what needs to be done, such as effectively performing his/her job tasks. Due diligence involves investigating options before taking action, such as researching and verifying information before making a financial investment. A profit orientation is a mindset that focuses on making money. Most successful for-profit businesses focus on earning profits so they can continue to operate.

SOURCE: MK:019 Demonstrate connections between company actions and results (e.g., influencing consumer buying behavior, gaining market share)

SOURCE: LAP-MK-019—Just Do It...Right (Company Actions and Results)

69. A

Reviewing data on trends to develop new products. Simply obtaining information is not useful unless the business applies the information to accomplish a task. Reviewing data on trends for the purpose of developing new products is an example of applying information. The data give the business an idea of what type of new product customers might want and need. Then, the business develops a product based on the information. Conducting research, developing questionnaires, and examining promotional activities are methods of obtaining information. However, they do not involve applying the information to accomplish a task.

SOURCE: NF:080 Apply information to accomplish a task

SOURCE: Lumen Learning. (n.d.). *How businesses use information*. Retrieved September 16, 2020, from <https://courses.lumenlearning.com/wmopen-introductiontobusiness/chapter/how-businesses-use-information/>

70. A

Storing data. Information management involves gathering, sorting, evaluating, and disseminating information to aid business decisions. Businesses use different types of internal and external information to make decisions, such as sales history, customer profiles, and financial data. In order to obtain the information when the business wants it, the business needs a place to store the information. Today, most businesses store this information on computers. Although the business may store advertising, employee, and credit information on its computer system, these are not primary functions of information management.

SOURCE: NF:110 Discuss the nature of information management

SOURCE: LAP-NF-110—In the Know (Nature of Information Management)

71. A

Avoid the use of decorative fonts. Decorative fonts are often difficult to see and read, so it is best to avoid using them when developing slideshow presentations. Flashy backgrounds and too much clipart can be distracting and take away from the message, so it is best to limit the use of these elements as well. The number of slides needed for the presentation depends on the topic; therefore, it may be necessary to use more than twelve slides to support the presentation's message.

SOURCE: NF:008 Demonstrate basic presentation applications

SOURCE: Volika, S. (2017, July 29). *5 mistakes to avoid when creating PowerPoint presentations*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://elearningindustry.com/creating-powerpoint-presentations-5-mistakes-avoid>

72. B

Benford's law. Benford's law states that in many large sets of numerical data, numbers that begin with lower digits occur significantly more frequently than numbers that begin with higher digits (i.e., one is the most frequent, while nine is the least frequent). This is not an example of the law of supply and demand, numerical law, or the law of diminishing returns.

SOURCE: NF:124 Demonstrate advanced database applications

SOURCE: Weisstein, E.W. (2020). *Benford's law*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://mathworld.wolfram.com/BenfordsLaw.html>

73. B

State. A filter involves grouping data based on certain criteria. Because the company may have thousands of customers, and Marilee only wants to view a small portion of those customers, she can use the filter application to set the criteria for fields that she wants to view. Because she wants to view all of the customers located in Florida, she should filter the data by state. Filtering the data by the customer's last name, the telephone area code, or the city would not quickly yield the desired results.

SOURCE: NF:141 Access information in the database system

SOURCE: Hamel, G. (2020). *What client information is needed in a database?* Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <http://smallbusiness.chron.com/client-information-needed-database-42984.html>

74. C

Environmental. An environmental scan is a study of external forces that influence a business's success. Some external factors that a business looks at when conducting an environmental scan include economic indicators (e.g., unemployment rates, consumer spending) and political factors (e.g., trade regulations, government stability). By analyzing external factors, the business can make informed decisions about expanding its operations or entering new markets. An internal analysis involves studying factors within the business, such as products, policies, productivity, etc. An analysis of the business's strengths is an element of a SWOT analysis and involves determining the things that the business does well. Tactics are the activities a business uses to carry out goals. The example does not involve analyzing its internal activities.

SOURCE: NF:015 Conduct an environmental scan to obtain business information

SOURCE: LAP-NF-015—Get the 4-1-1 (Conducting an Environmental Scan)

75. C

May only benefit a few of the business's stakeholders. Many people believe that a business's number one ethical obligation is to make a profit for its stakeholders. However, those profits aren't always distributed to everyone involved in the business. Often, only a few people benefit. Increased profitability can still occur even if a business doesn't cut costs, but cutting costs is often the easiest way to achieve it. Increased profitability doesn't have to come at a cost to the business's employees, nor does it have to mean decreased product quality.

SOURCE: OP:190 Discuss the role of ethics in operations

SOURCE: LAP-OP-190—Above Board (Ethics in Operations)

76. C

Safety hazards. Safety hazards are unsafe conditions or unsafe actions. Unsafe conditions include physical or environmental hazards in the workplace, such as poor housekeeping or fire hazards. Unsafe acts include actions that may risk safety, such as improper lifting or working when you're sleepy. These safety hazards are one of the main causes of accidents in the workplace. Physical injuries often result from accidents that occur due to safety hazards. First-aid methods are intended to provide medical assistance to injured or ill persons. Employee grievances are dissatisfactions with management, usually expressed through a formal process.

SOURCE: OP:009 Explain procedures for handling accidents

SOURCE: OSHA. (n.d.). *Identifying safety and health problems in the workplace*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from https://www.osha.gov/dte/outreach/intro_osh/7SafetyHealthProbsWorkplace.pdf

77. D

Employees undercharging their friends. Point-of-sale fraud are attempts to cheat a business out of money at the time of purchase. Employees sometimes commit fraud at the point of sale which results in financial losses for the business. Employees who undercharge their friends when ringing up their purchase are committing point-of-sale fraud because they are selling items for less than the actual value. The business is losing part of the money it should have received for the sale. Customers who replace price tags are committing a type of fraud known as price-ticket switching. Vendors who take funds from a business's register are pilfering. Competitors who access a business's computer files are committing computer fraud.

SOURCE: OP:013 Explain routine security precautions

SOURCE: ThinkOgram. (2020). *False processing: Theft technique point of sale #fraud*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.thinkogram.com/false-processing-a-new-theft-technique-for-point-sale-fraud/>

78. D

The last employee to leave a business facility after business hours fails to set the security alarm. To protect their personal well-being, the well-being of coworkers and customers, and the business's property, employees need to follow their employers' security procedures. If the employee is the last person to leave the business facility, s/he needs to ensure that the doors are locked and the security alarm is set. If the security alarm is not set, it increases the risk of theft because it makes it easier for a thief to break into the building to steal money, inventory, or equipment. Installing electronic locks and security windows, updating antivirus software, and shredding unneeded documents are activities that reduce the risk of security breaches.

SOURCE: OP:152 Follow established security procedures/policies

SOURCE: KISI. (n.d.). *The complete guide to improving workplace security*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.getkisi.com/overview/workplace-security>

79. D

Meet the requirements of the project. It is important not only to identify the needed equipment and supplies for a project, but also to make sure that the resources meet the requirements of the project. There are probably specifications or blueprints that indicate sizes and types of materials as well as directions on how to use the resources. If you obtain the wrong size or type, you may not be able to complete the project. The necessary equipment and supplies do not need to be available in-house or belong to local organizations. Some equipment and supplies may be easier to obtain and use than others. However, it is important that the resources meet the requirements of the project, even if they are more difficult to obtain and use.

SOURCE: OP:003 Identify resources needed for project

SOURCE: LAP-OP-531—Get What You Need (Identifying Project Resources)

80. B
Process performance management. Process performance management is a quality-control method that involves supervising business and manufacturing processes to ensure their quality and efficiency. Concurrent engineering is performing the various stages of product design and development simultaneously, instead of one after another. Statistical process control is a quality-control tool that uses statistics to determine if a process is working properly or not. The Taguchi method focuses on product design and development over manufacturing.
SOURCE: OP:163 Identify quality-control measures
SOURCE: LAP-OP-008—Take Control (Quality-Control Measures)
81. B
Gives you guidelines to follow. Your values are the principles by which you live. A value system is made up of the values in life that are most important to you. Establishing a value system helps you by providing guidelines for your decision-making. The decisions you make as a result of having a value system would not necessarily help you to choose a career, improve your social skills, or raise your level of self-esteem.
SOURCE: PD:013 Assess personal interests and skills needed for success in business
SOURCE: Hereford, Z. (n.d.). *Have a personal value system*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.essentiallifefskills.net/personalvaluesystem.html>
82. A
Banking services. There are many jobs to be had within banking, one of which is a loan officer. Loan officers do not work in accounting, insurance, or corporate finance.
SOURCE: PD:152 Discuss employment opportunities in the finance industry
SOURCE: LAP-PD-152—Career Opportunities in Finance
83. B
Collections manager. A career in collections involves collecting payment from customers/clients. Employees who work in the accounts-payable department pay the company's expenses or bills. A pension manager manages company-sponsored retirement funds on behalf of the employer and the employees. A budgeting analyst helps prepare, review, and revise a business's operating income and expenses.
SOURCE: PD:152 Discuss employment opportunities in the finance industry
SOURCE: LAP-PD-152—Career Opportunities in Finance
84. A
Take responsibility for the problems. Positive people are dependable and accept responsibility for their own actions. They admit their mistakes, they don't make excuses, and they don't try to put the blame on others. In this situation, the builder would assume responsibility for mistakes made by his/her employees because s/he is responsible for the finished product. Discussing the problems with employees to prevent their recurrence might be a later step.
SOURCE: EI:019 Exhibit a positive attitude
SOURCE: LAP-EI-003—Opt for Optimism (Positive Attitude)
85. D
Provide feedback to improve objectives. The board of directors should obtain feedback from employees about the company's direction. This can help improve governance objectives and align them with the company's vision. In this way, employees have a say in the company's goals and will be more likely to work toward achieving them. Drafting bylaws is generally the role of an organization's founders or directors, rather than employees. Creating policies to enforce objectives is usually a task for the board of directors, rather than employees. Reporting progress to shareholders is also generally the responsibility of the board members, rather than that of employees.
SOURCE: PD:301 Ascertain employee's role in achieving governance objectives
SOURCE: Nordmeyer, B. (2019, August 22). *Corporate governance objectives*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://yourbusiness.azcentral.com/corporate-governance-objectives-17344.html>

86. B

The board of directors. The board of directors has the responsibility of protecting shareholders' investments, developing the company's mission and structure, and governing all the activities of the organization. These responsibilities do not belong to company employees, to upper level managers, or even to company lawyers.

SOURCE: PD:214 Describe the components of a well-governed company (e.g., board of directors, reporting, transparency, internal and external audit functions)

SOURCE: McNamara, C. (n.d.). *Overview of roles and responsibilities of corporate board of directors*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://managementhelp.org/boards/responsibilities.htm>

87. D

Enterprise risk management. Enterprise risk management (ERM) is a comprehensive risk management strategy that involves planning for both physical and business risks. Steps involved in ERM include setting corporate objectives, assessing potential risks, and determining appropriate responses to risks. These are not primary steps in asset allocation strategies, channel-management plans, or conflict resolution policies. Asset allocation involves diversifying one's investments by type (equity, fixed-income, cash, etc.). Channel management is a process by which marketers ensure that products are distributed to customers efficiently and effectively. Conflict resolution is the process of resolving or ending a conflict.

SOURCE: RM:062 Discuss the nature of enterprise risk management (ERM)

SOURCE: Kenton, W. (2019, July 2). *Enterprise risk management (ERM)*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/e/enterprise-risk-management.asp>

88. C

Concerned. The salesperson's concerned attitude should put the customer in a good frame of mind. If a customer complaint is handled improperly, a valuable customer may be lost. If the salesperson is skeptical or abrupt, this may alienate the customer. It is not necessary to respond in a formal manner; however, professionalism is important.

SOURCE: CR:010 Handle customer/client complaints

SOURCE: Lotich, P. (2016, April 27). *10 tips for dealing with customer complaints*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://thethrivingsmallbusiness.com/customer-complaint-procedures/>

89. A

Displaying numbers that represent a security's financial health. Securities tables display information about the status of different investments. Numbers on securities tables include the 52-week high and low, dividends, volume, yield, P/E ratio, the previous day's ending price, and the net change. By examining these numbers, individuals can determine whether a security is a worthwhile investment. Securities tables do not provide professional advice on investing and personal finance; they simply display numbers that investors must interpret on their own. Securities tables do not show the investment activities of friends or family members, nor do they suggest securities for investors.

SOURCE: FI:275 Interpret securities table

SOURCE: Marino, M. (2015, December 2). *Stock market basics: Reading a stock table*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://www.nasdaq.com/articles/stock-market-basics%3A-reading-a-stock-table-2015-12-02>

90. A

Steward. Financial-information management's stewardship function involves protecting financial data from tampering, loss, unauthorized access, and unauthorized use. While a financial-information management professional's job responsibilities might include interpreting or analyzing financial data, those are not the functions that s/he is carrying out when protecting the financial information. An agent is an intermediary who assists in the sale and/or promotion of goods and services but does not take title to them.

SOURCE: FM:003 Explain the role of ethics in financial-information management

SOURCE: University of Michigan. (2020). *Statement on stewardship*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://hr.umich.edu/about-uhr/statement-stewardship>

91. D

Can earn a higher return on investments in the emerging market. When a developing country opens its markets to foreign investment, other wealthier countries can invest in the market and earn a higher return than they could domestically. The developing country, rather than the wealthier countries, can borrow money more cheaply from the wealthier countries. Likewise, developing countries will become more efficient because they will interact with more efficient, less regulated economies. Finally, wealthier countries will not experience increased regulation; rather, the emerging markets will experience less regulation.

SOURCE: FI:575 Explain the nature and scope of financial globalization

SOURCE: Collins, M. (2015, May 6). *The pros and cons of globalization*. Retrieved October 29, 2020, from <https://www.forbes.com/sites/mikecollins/2015/05/06/the-pros-and-cons-of-globalization/#28d041ebccce>

92. A

Employees will not know what their responsibilities are. A chain of command helps organizations to establish a hierarchy of roles and responsibilities so that everyone knows what to do and to whom to report. Without a chain of command, employees may not know what their responsibilities are. Employees' morale and productivity will not be higher without an established chain of command; in fact, it might lower morale and productivity. A company without a chain of command would not necessarily have a relaxed and flexible environment. Finally, a company's executives will not necessarily have more ownership over work if a chain of command is not established.

SOURCE: PD:252 Follow chain of command

SOURCE: Kelchner, L. (2019, February 4). *The importance of following the chain of command in business*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <http://smallbusiness.chron.com/importance-following-chain-command-business-23560.html>

93. C

Mission statement. The mission statement is a brief summary of what a business owner wants the business to do—it defines why the business exists. Businesses should use their mission statements to guide their organizational goal setting. Businesses use their organizational goals to develop financial budgets, marketing plans, and productivity benchmarks.

SOURCE: PD:254 Determine the nature of organizational goals

SOURCE: Ward, S. (2020, January 2). *How to write a mission statement*. Retrieved September 11, 2020, from <https://www.thebalancesmb.com/how-to-write-a-mission-statement-2948001>

94. D

A company executive provides a tax auditor with incomplete information. If an employee deliberately withholds or provides incomplete information from an auditor, s/he is acting in an unethical manner. Using software to detect inconsistent data, researching compliance issues, and reviewing information accuracy are ethical actions.

SOURCE: RM:041 Explain the role of ethics in risk management

SOURCE: LAP-RM-041—Manage Risk the Right Way (Ethics in Risk Management)

95. B

Encryption techniques. Risk management is a business activity that involves implementing activities to limit business losses. One way that businesses control security risks is by using encryption to prevent unauthorized individuals (e.g., hackers) from obtaining confidential financial data. Encryption is the process of transforming information into a code so that only the recipient can read it. A bot is a program that scans the web looking for information changes. Cross-platform technology refers to computer applications that can run on different platforms, such as Windows and Macintosh. Debuggers are computer programs that help programmers identify flaws or "bugs" in a computer program.

SOURCE: RM:042 Describe the use of technology in risk management

SOURCE: Rouse, M. (2020). *Encryption*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://searchsecurity.techtarget.com/definition/encryption#:~:text=Encryption%20is%20the%20method%20by,encrypted%20data%20is%20called%20ciphertext>

96. B

Reduces tax due on the captive's premiums. Even if it is not associated with an insurance company, an individual company, industry, or association may create a captive insurance company to specifically protect its parent group(s). The captive insurer aids its parent group(s) by reducing premium expenses, freeing up capital, and covering risks not commonly addressed by the greater insurance company. In addition, forming a captive insurance company can reduce, eliminate, or defer federal taxes due on the corporation's insurance premiums. A captive insurer typically decreases the tax due on a company's loss reserves. Forming a captive insurance company does not typically increase the corporation's sales tax liabilities, nor does it eliminate the corporation's state tax liabilities.

SOURCE: RM:043 Discuss legal considerations affecting risk management

SOURCE: Capstone Associated. (2020). *Benefits of captive insurance*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.capstoneassociated.com/captive-insurance/benefits/>

97. C

Internal. Internal risks are faced by a company from within its own organization. Because the organization is familiar with itself, it can more easily forecast internal risks than external risks. External risks are more difficult to control and forecast than internal risks. Economic and natural risks are both types of external risks.

SOURCE: RM:058 Discuss the nature of risk control (i.e., internal and external)

SOURCE: Beers, B. (2020, February 3). *How companies can reduce internal and external business risk*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/ask/answers/050115/how-can-companies-reduce-internal-and-external-business-risk.asp>

98. D

ERM focuses on the combined impact of all risks. Enterprise risk management takes into account all of the risks that an organization may face and looks at their combined impact. Not all risks are negative; risks can be positive, and positive risks must be considered as well as negative risks. Enterprise risk management does not make it more difficult to achieve goals; in fact, it can help an organization achieve its goals. Risks are not usually related to relationships between employees; there are many types of risks related to all aspects of an organization.

SOURCE: RM:062 Discuss the nature of enterprise risk management (ERM)

SOURCE: Kenton, W. (2019, July 2). *Enterprise risk management (ERM)*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/e/enterprise-risk-management.asp>

99. D

Provide an objective perspective. An organization's board of directors should include both inside and independent members. Inside members are high-level executives, shareholders, or stakeholders in the organization. Independent members are not involved with the organization. They provide an objective view, keep the board transparent, and help balance out the power of the board. They do not represent the interests of management. They also do not necessarily understand the company's inner workings, at least not as well as inside members. Independent members are not necessarily any less likely to act unethically than inside members.

SOURCE: PD:302 Identify the factors that impact governance structures

SOURCE: Knowledge @ Wharton. (2015, June 16). *How independent directors bridge the information gap*. Retrieved September 14, 2020, from <http://knowledge.wharton.upenn.edu/article/how-independent-directors-bridge-the-information-gap/>

100. C

Material. Material resources are equipment and supplies used by businesses in their operation. Financial resources are all the sources of money available to the business. Human resources are people who work to produce goods or services. Natural resources are resources found in nature that are used to produce goods and services.

SOURCE: SM:001 Explain the concept of management

SOURCE: LAP-SM-001—Manage This! (Concept of Management)